

## TERMS:

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## JOB PRINTING

Books and every description of Commercial and  
 Job printing, in the best manner at Gazette Job  
 Rooms.

## "NOT APPROPRIATED."

The editor of the Janesville Gazette, every lit-  
 tle while, labors under a sense of duty about  
 Madison. Just now he is having a fit over the  
 idea that the biennial sessions are in session.  
 (Two should say a remote contin-  
 gency.) Madison would go to grass, and her citi-  
 zens would be candidates for the poor-house.  
 We beg of our neighbor not to lose any sleep on  
 this subject. Madison, we admit, is not quite so  
 fruitful of visionary projects or ideal enterprises  
 as some of her neighbors, but she manages to  
 live and grow healthful and partially satisfac-  
 tory way, and this expenditure of sympathy on  
 the part of our friends is, to say the least, a little  
 gratuitous.—State Journal.

The editor of the Journal should pre-  
 serve his equilibrium of mind, and not get  
 beside himself because the Gazette men-  
 tioned the fact that Madison was opposed  
 to any reform in the direction of biennial  
 sessions of the Legislature. We did not  
 intend to wound the feelings of the editor  
 of that paper, nor do anything which  
 would cause him to start or in any wise  
 become impassioned. We have no con-  
 cern of mind about Madison. That town  
 will take good care of itself. Give it half  
 a chance and it will make a good living  
 off the State and put on more airs than a  
 place which earns its existence by honest  
 toil and legitimate enterprises. But we  
 believe the Legislature should provide for  
 biennial sessions of that body for two prime  
 reasons: (1) because they are more econ-  
 omical; and (2) because they would pre-  
 vent, in a great measure, over-legislation,  
 and put an end to this annual meddling  
 with the statute laws of the State. For  
 these two very important reasons, the  
 State Journal and its friends should strong-  
 ly favor biennial sessions. Ninety-nine  
 tax payers out of every hundred in the  
 State desire biennial sessions. Of course  
 they would lessen the business of the Jour-  
 nal office, close a good many boarding  
 houses, and reduce the incomes  
 of the hotels, but they would be  
 an immense advantage to the  
 people, and a blessing to everybody who  
 wants to understand our statute laws. An-  
 nual sessions should not be supported  
 simply to enable the State Journal to do a  
 good business, nor for the purpose of feed-  
 ing a hungry place like Madison. The  
 editor of the Journal will not deny that  
 biennial sessions are the cheapest and the  
 best, then why not be mainly about it and  
 strongly support so economical and wise a  
 measure? The idea that the people of the  
 State must be taxed to feed Madison is too  
 ridiculous to be entertained for a moment,  
 though the Journal thinks otherwise.

## THE TRAMP BILL.

Yesterday the tramp question came up  
 for discussion in the Assembly, but no de-  
 finite conclusion was arrived at. Some of  
 the members were bothered to understand  
 what shall constitute a tramp. Judge Mills  
 claimed that the common definition of  
 vagrancy as found in the statutes was not  
 sufficient to give a person an intelligent  
 idea of a tramp. He thought that if  
 tramps were to be punished either by im-  
 personation or at the whipping post, there  
 should be a more explicit definition of  
 what constitutes a person who shall be  
 so imprisoned and whipped. After an  
 unending debate, with no specific point  
 in view, the matter was dropped, no one  
 being the wiser for what they had heard.  
 There have been so many tramps prowling  
 about cities and roaming over the country  
 for the past three or four years, that the  
 question of suppressing them has come be-  
 fore nearly every Legislature in the coun-  
 try. It does not seem difficult to define a  
 tramp intelligently and correctly. He is  
 not a sickly, mournful, pitiable piece of  
 humanity, as a general rule. He is ragged  
 of course, and as lazy as he is ragged,  
 but with rare exceptions, he is  
 as healthy and strong as the  
 average man who toils industriously for  
 ten hours a day to support a family. This  
 is a picture of the tramp usually found in  
 this part of the State. When one of this  
 class is cumbering the sidewalks of a city,  
 peeping in shop windows, or begging from  
 house to house, it is safe to say that no  
 punishment the Legislature can provide,  
 will prove too severe for him.

The Michigan Board of Charitable,  
 Penal and Reformatory Institutions, have  
 recently discussed at considerable length,  
 the question of tramps. In that State  
 there has been no special legislation  
 regarding the tramp, and the Board sug-  
 gest that as tramps have proved too much  
 for legislation in all English-speaking na-  
 tions for the last ten centuries, it is well to  
 proceed in the matter with careful delib-  
 eration. The Board then goes on to describe  
 the different classes of tramps and to sug-  
 gest a treatment. As the Michigan report  
 shows, no doubt many persons are wrong-  
 ly regarded as tramps—honest journeymen  
 mechanics, out of money and out of  
 work, and who are rightfully tramping from  
 one town to another in search of honest  
 employment. Then there is  
 another class who are pro-  
 fessional dead-beats—by far the largest  
 class—who wear rags and beg rather than  
 work. "The evil of this class is getting to  
 be almost beyond endurance, and so many  
 of the criminal class find this mode of life  
 acceptable that the peace and safety of  
 country homes, especially, are greatly dis-  
 turbed." The Michigan Board recommend  
 "the State district alms-house, and work-  
 house, because it will afford opportunity to  
 transfer from the county jails all prisoners  
 that are now demoralized by an enforced  
 idleness, including with them large num-  
 bers who are tramps and vagrants when at  
 large; because it will provide a place to  
 which all straggling vagrants and mendicants  
 may be sent by proper authority for a  
 definite term, and put to labor; because the  
 discipline and restraints of such a house  
 will be both reformatory and deterrent;  
 and cause those who can labor but do not  
 like to go back to honest industry or  
 leave the State; because there will be econ-  
 omy in it. Even though it shall cost more  
 to get work out of a tramp than it comes  
 to, there will be economy in it; and because  
 there will be more of justice in it. The

State, rather than the counties, should take  
 in charge for aid, or discipline, the prela-  
 tory tramp."

To show that all tramps are not too lazy  
 to work, and that unavailable poverty has  
 thrown them out of homes and set them to  
 tramping, the Michigan Board of Charities,  
 of Penal and Reformatory Institutions, say  
 that the Detroit House of Correction,  
 which is a penitentiary, in fact, received  
 about 400 tramps last year who voluntarily  
 pleaded guilty to vagrancy, and to get them-  
 selves committed to prison for terms of  
 thirty, sixty, or ninety days, thus volun-  
 tarily putting themselves to hard labor for  
 the purpose of procuring shelter and food.  
 This question of legislating for tramps has  
 baffled many a wise body, and the Legisla-  
 ture of Wisconsin will find it a difficult task  
 to enact a law which will in all respects be  
 reformatory to the tramps and a protection  
 to the people.

## THE STATE FAIR.

We hope the State Fair will not be com-  
 pelled to go a-begging for a location for  
 1879. There does not seem to be any ex-  
 traordinary desire on the part of any city  
 to secure the exhibition of the State Society  
 for the present year. The question should  
 have been decided last week, but there  
 were no bids, and the matter was postponed  
 until the 20th inst., when the Executive  
 Committee will meet at Madison and prob-  
 ably settle the question. The State  
 Journal says Janesville and Madison are  
 the competitors, but in this statement the  
 Journal is not correct. Janesville  
 has no offer to make and no bonus to  
 give. It Madison wants the fair, for the  
 sum of seven hundred dollars, for which it  
 is offered, let the town take it, and make  
 the hotels, saloons, and restaurants, sub-  
 scribe that amount. It will be an impor-  
 tant help to Madison, and Janesville don't  
 feel like interfering in the matter to the  
 detriment of our sister city. When it  
 comes to magnanimity, there is not a town  
 in the State which is ahead of Janesville.  
 It is flourishing, but not  
 proud; enterprising, but not  
 over-reaching; and money-making, but  
 not avaricious; and will do all it can to  
 enable Madison to make two or three hun-  
 dred dollars out of the State Agricultural  
 Society. The Committee having the power  
 to locate the exhibition of 1879, consists  
 of President Pratt, of Racine, Dr. C. Lofus  
 Martin, of this city, and W. W. Field, of  
 Madison. These gentlemen have the suc-  
 cess of the State Fair at heart, and will do  
 that which in their judgment will be most  
 beneficial for the Society.

A picture true to life of Tilden, from the  
 New York Times: "The intrigues, the  
 bargains, the stealthy, untiring advance  
 which led to the crowning triumph at St.  
 Louis are matters of very recent history.  
 Cold, reserved, and impenetrable, the least  
 popular of all the men who have ever  
 achieved good or bad eminence in the  
 Democratic Party, Mr. Tilden was able, in  
 defiance of powerful opposition from his  
 own State, to force himself upon his party  
 as their most available candidate for Presi-  
 dent in 1876."

A dispatch from Washington says the  
 Democratic Senators will not countenance  
 the attempt that will be made in the House  
 to force an extra session, if Republicans  
 will not consent to repeal the laws author-  
 izing supervisors of elections and the test-  
 oath, and an attempt will be made to dis-  
 suade the House Democrats from placing  
 these provisions on appropriation bills. The  
 Senators say they believe that the  
 country will not sustain the Democrats in  
 any attempt to place such legislation on  
 appropriation bills.

The Democratic members of the Legisla-  
 ture held a caucus last night to consider  
 the question of nominating a candidate to  
 succeed Justice Cole of the Supreme Court.  
 No definite action was taken, further con-  
 sideration of the matter being postponed  
 till Tuesday next. It is not at all likely  
 that the Democrats will put a candidate in  
 the field in opposition to Judge Cole. Both  
 Republican and Democratic members of  
 the bar are signing a petition asking for  
 Judge Cole's re-nomination.

It is a question whether the Democrats  
 will vindicate Mr. Tilden in 1880 by nom-  
 inating him for the Presidency. They say  
 he was elected, and was cheated out of the  
 office. Now let the Democratic party do  
 right by the poor old man, and with one  
 voice make him a candidate next year.  
 The Convention can vindicate him by a  
 nomination, and the people bury him out  
 of sight.

None of the Democratic papers in the  
 North have yet denounced the cipher dis-  
 patch business. But then, what is Tilden's  
 attempt to buy the Presidency compared  
 with John Sherman's letter asking Arthur,  
 if he could consistently, appoint Justice  
 Bradley's son to some position in the Custom-  
 house, in New York?

Wooley and Coyle, Democrats, say they  
 will make the "fur fly" if they are allowed  
 to testify before the Potter Committee  
 about the ciphers. It seems to us that the  
 fur has been flying ever since the cipher  
 investigation commenced.

The bill to make the verdict of nine  
 jurymen out of twelve, convict or acquit in  
 criminal cases, has been indefinitely postponed.  
 A worthy fate for a bad bill.

There are more politicians who want  
 another county erected. It is to be taken  
 out of Clark and Marathon, and the name  
 chosen is Webster.

Bragg is satisfied that Samuel J. can not  
 carry New York in 1880. Bragg has lost  
 his blind love for Tilden.

## THE NEWS.

The Execution of Charles R.  
 McGill, at Cleveland,

With an Account of the Mur-  
 der Proved Against Him.

Two More Witnesses Anxious  
 to Tell About the Tilden  
 Conspiracy.

Vicar General Kundig Stricken  
 with Apoplexy.

The Democratic Members of the  
 Legislature Endorse General  
 Bragg.

The President Writes a Con-  
 gratulatory Letter to Colonel  
 Merritt.

Sherman Calls for \$20,000,000  
 More United States Bonds.

The Evidence in the Blodgett  
 Investigation to be Printed.

The Report of the Text Book  
 Committee to the Legisla-  
 ture.

Officers of the Grand Lodge  
 Knights of Pythias.

Interesting Items in Our Special  
 Dispatches.

## MARKETS.

Special to the Gazette.  
 CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—No 2 spring wheat, cash  
 89 1/2 cents; March 90 1/2 cents; April 91 1/2  
 cents; No 3 spring wheat, cash, at 71  
 1/4 cents.  
 CORN—No 2, cash, 32 1/2 cents; March 32 1/2  
 cents; April 33 cents.  
 BARLEY—Extra No 3 cash, 42 1/2 cents.

## CHICAGO FIRE.

Special to the Gazette.  
 CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—A fire this morning  
 gutted the five story brick stores, 23 and 25  
 Randolph street, owned by David H.  
 Greene, of Massachusetts. It was occu-  
 pied by Harris & Co., Sate Manufacturers.  
 Loss \$30,000, insured \$15,000.

## CONGRESS.

Special to the Gazette.  
 WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The Senate de-  
 cided to push the appropriation bills as  
 rapidly as possible. It is now considering  
 the bill to restrict Chinese immigration.  
 The House received a letter from Sec-  
 retary Sherman stating the necessity of a  
 new legislation for the payment of the ar-  
 rearages for pensions, whether imposing  
 additional taxes or selling bonds. He fa-  
 vors the latter. The letter was referred to  
 the Committee on Ways and Means.

## MCGILL HANGED.

The Execution of Chas. R. McGill—  
 An Account of His Crime.

Special to the Gazette.  
 CLEVELAND, February 13.—Charles R.  
 McGill was hanged to day for the atrocious  
 murder of Miss Mary Kelly. The drop  
 fell at four minutes past twelve o'clock.  
 He died without a struggle.

The following is the account of the murder  
 for which McGill died to-day:  
 It was one bright afternoon in December  
 1877, when McGill and the hapless girl  
 were reclining on a couch together at the  
 baglio, No. 100 Cross street, that  
 the frightful deed was perpetrated.  
 There were no angry words, according to  
 the murderer, only talk of love, when,  
 without a sign of warning, McGill drew a  
 seven-shooting revolver from his pocket  
 and discharged a succession of shots into  
 the head and breast of the girl. After the  
 delivery of the first fire, she gave utterance  
 to a wail of anguish, when the  
 murderer prosecuted his deadly  
 work with still further vigor. The woman  
 was found lying covered with wounds and  
 blood, and an examination showed that  
 McGill, after becoming rid of the contents  
 of his chamber, had reloaded and fired  
 three times more, until ten leaden bullets  
 had entered the unfortunate girl's body.

## MERRITT.

The President Writes a Congratulatory  
 Letter.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The President  
 has written a letter to Collector Merritt,  
 which, after congratulating him upon con-  
 firmation, assures him in substance that the  
 Administration has no warfare to make  
 upon any friends of his; that no Custom-  
 House employee who does his duty shall be  
 removed because he is known to be a sup-  
 porter of General Arthur; and that in any  
 Custom-House appointments which are  
 hereafter to be made no discrimination shall  
 be made against those who are known to  
 have sustained the ex-Collector. It is under-  
 stood further that the letter informs Mr.  
 Merritt that the Administration desires  
 very much to heal any differences which  
 may exist among Republican leaders in  
 New York city, and to that end every pos-  
 sible consideration consistent with the  
 public service shall be shown to all politi-  
 cal friends of General Arthur.

## BRAGG.

The Democratic Members of the Leg-  
 islature Endorse Bragg.

MADISON, Feb. 12.—At a caucus of the  
 Democratic members of the Legislature  
 to-day, the following resolutions were  
 adopted:

Resolved, That the Democratic members  
 of the Legislature of 1879, in caucus assem-  
 bled, do hereby endorse the position lately  
 taken by Gen. E. S. Bragg against the  
 payment of Southern war claims.

Resolved, That the Secretary hereby  
 be instructed to forward a copy of the resolu-  
 tions to Gen. Bragg.

## VICAR GENERAL KUNDIG.

The Aged Prelate Stricken by Apo-  
 plexy—A Sketch of His Busy Life  
 and His Service to Humanity.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 12.—The news  
 that Vicar General Kundig had suffered a  
 stroke of apoplexy, and that death was  
 momentarily expected, created great con-  
 sternation here this afternoon. It was  
 learned that he had just finished his din-  
 ner, and was yet at the table when he was  
 paralyzed. He was alone, and it was some  
 time before the attendant became aware of  
 his condition.

Drs. Fox, Mason, and Lenthstrom, who  
 were at once summoned, deemed it inex-  
 pedient to move him, and rendered him  
 comfortable in the dining-room. He gradu-  
 ally recovered consciousness and at 8  
 o'clock this evening conversed at times  
 with his attendants.

Vicar General Kundig, now 74 years of  
 age, is a countryman of Archbishop Henn  
 studied with him at St. Gallen, graduated  
 and travelled to Rome with him, and  
 thence crossed the sea, arriving in  
 Baltimore in 1829. He and Henn com-  
 pleted their preparations for ordination to  
 the priesthood at Bardonia, and were  
 ordained by Bishop Fenwick, of Cincinnati.  
 When Henn was called to the position  
 of Vicar General at Cincinnati, Kundig  
 took charge of a parish in Detroit, and  
 lived through the terrible siege of cholera  
 there in 1834. He converted Trinity  
 Church into a hospital, organized an  
 army of nurses composed of young  
 women of the first Catholic families, and  
 labored night and day for suffering hu-  
 manity. He often shouldered and carried  
 people who had fallen sick in the street.  
 He not only spent all the money he had,  
 but loaned \$7,000 on the promise of the  
 authorities that he should be repaid. The  
 crash of 1837 rendered the authorities of  
 Wayne county unable to pay him, and he  
 was consequently obliged to lift  
 the burden himself. Thirty-one  
 years after he canceled the indebtedness.  
 While in charge of the hospital on old  
 Gratiot road, Detroit, he built a railroad a  
 mile long, and operated it by horse power  
 to transport supplies of fuel over swampy  
 ground. This was the first railroad in  
 Michigan. Subsequently Kundig was sta-  
 tioned in this city in charge of St. Peter's  
 church. When here two years,  
 Henn was ordained Archbishop for this  
 diocese, and since then he has been  
 engaged in missionary service in the in-  
 terior of the State, until called to fill the  
 position of Vicar General.

Archbishop Henn has been quite ill  
 since the jubilee celebration; so indis-  
 posed, in fact, that the prostration of his  
 Vicar General by paralysis has not been  
 mentioned in his presence.

## BLODGETT.

The Evidence in the Investigation to  
 be Printed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13. Proctor Knott  
 to-day secured permission from the House  
 to have printed the evidence taken in the  
 Blodgett investigation. The reporter's  
 notes are not yet written out, but the man-  
 uscript will commence going to the print-  
 ers to-morrow, and the evidence will all  
 be in shape for members of the full com-  
 mittee next week. Judge Latham said to-  
 day that the committee would  
 make but one report, and had pretty well  
 made up their minds as to what they  
 would do, but he would not disclose the  
 opinions at which the committee had ar-  
 rived. He declined to be questioned as to  
 his own conclusions, but it was evident  
 from his remarks that the committee will  
 find Judge Blodgett guilty of nothing worse  
 than an occasional exhibition of bad tem-  
 per.

## TILDEN CONSPIRACY.

Wooley and Coyle Propose to Make  
 the Far Fly.

The Potter committee will subpoena  
 Wooley and Coyle, although the Demo-  
 crats had decided that their testimony was  
 not necessary. Wooley is smarting under  
 reflections upon him in Marbie's testimony  
 and if he carries out his threats will make  
 the "far fly" among the coparceners. Coyle  
 is also anxious to testify, and promises to  
 make a confession. He complains that his  
 services as Tilden's confidential agent have  
 not been recognized; that he made himself  
 poor by spending his time and money, and  
 that he has no longer any reason to conceal  
 what he knows.

## SPELLING REFORM.

The Report of the Text Book Com-  
 mittee.

MADISON, Feb. 12.—The report of the Text  
 Book Commission on spelling reform has  
 been received with very encouraging com-  
 mendation from the educators far and wide  
 through the country. Senator Paul has  
 received a host of letters from all parts of  
 the United States expressing the  
 highest praise of the report.  
 President T. A. March of La  
 Fayette College, Spelling Reform, President  
 of the American Spelling Reform Associa-  
 tion, has paid the high compliment of  
 asking for 500 copies for distribution in  
 this country and Europe. The Association  
 of which Mr. March is president, numbers  
 among its membership Prof. William D.  
 Whitney, of Yale College, and Prof. W. T.  
 Harris, of St. Louis, and the endorse-  
 ment of this association stamps the  
 report with the approbation of the eminent  
 philologists in this country. The proposi-  
 tion to establish the reform by making a  
 new dictionary is not yet well enough de-  
 fined to command very general approval.  
 Most of the correspondence shows that the  
 plan of abandoning effort toward national  
 legislation on the subject and taking it up  
 in the States, is sound.

## ANOTHER CALL.

Sherman Calls for \$20,000,000 More  
 Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Secretary Sher-  
 man issued a call for \$20,000,000 of 7's to-  
 day, being \$60,000,000 so far this month.  
 The Secretary says the four per cents are  
 selling fully as rapidly as he desires. He  
 would be satisfied with \$10,000,000 weekly.  
 As soon as the present series of 6-20's are  
 exhausted he will commence calling 10-40's  
 and thinks they will be taken up very rap-  
 idly.

## ENGLISH WHEAT.

New York, Feb. 13.—Estimates made by  
 Thomas C. Scott and Arthur H. Savory on

English wheat growing, show that English  
 farmers cannot continue it at the market  
 prices of the past season. Careful figures  
 show that wheat must net  
 the farmer two pounds eight  
 shillings per quarter, to cover expenses,  
 while the average during the past four  
 months was only two pounds. They say  
 if American growers can raise wheat, and  
 after paying costs, including transporta-  
 tion, can sell in an English market for one  
 dollar and twenty-five cents per bushel,  
 then the time and money expended in  
 raising the grain in Great Britain is  
 wasted.

## KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Officers of the Grand Lodge Knights  
 of Pythias.

WATERTOWN, Wis., Feb. 12.—At the ses-  
 sion of the Grand Lodge of Knights of  
 Pythias, held this evening, the following  
 officers of the Grand Lodge were elected  
 for the ensuing year: G. C. H. M. Kutchin,  
 of Fond du Lac; G. V. C. Mr. Morrow,  
 of Sparta; G. P. E. S. Duck, of Oshkosh;  
 G. K. R. and S. C. A. Curtis, of Milwau-  
 kee; G. M. of E. C. H. Sweetland, of Mil-  
 waukee; Supreme Representatives, Jones,  
 of Juneau.

## LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The seventeenth  
 anniversary of the birthday of Abraham  
 Lincoln was celebrated to-night by the  
 Lincoln Club. Their rooms were crowded.

## Curious Derivations.

The word pamphlet is derived from the  
 name of the Greek author, Pamphilus,  
 who compiled a history of the world into  
 thirty-five little books.

"Punch and Judy" is a contraction from  
 Pontius Pilate and Judas Iscariot.

"Bigot" is from Visigoth, in which the  
 fierce and intolent Adrianism of the Visi-  
 goths conquerors of Spain had been handed  
 down to infancy.

"Tabby cat" is all unconscious that her  
 name is derived from Atab, a famous street  
 in Bagdad, inhabited by the manufacturers  
 of silken stuffs, called Atab or tafteery; the  
 way markings of the watered silks resem-  
 bling pussy's coat.

"Humburg" is from Hamburg; "a piece of  
 Hamburg news" was in Germany a  
 proverbial expression for false political  
 rumors.

"Gauze" derives its name from Gaza,  
 where it was made.

"Old Nick" is none other than Nkr,  
 the dangerous water demon of the Scandi-  
 navian legend.

## A Source of Much Bodily Evil.

If the habit of body becomes irregular, much  
 evil is inflicted on the system. The stomach be-  
 comes dyspeptic, bilious symptoms develop  
 themselves, the circulation is contaminated, and  
 the nerves share in the general disorder. It is of  
 the utmost importance that the bowels should  
 be thoroughly and speedily regulated when they  
 grow derelict. The corrective agent best adapted  
 to this purpose is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a  
 wholesome, non-gripping vegetable laxative, worth  
 all the rasping cathartics invented since the  
 time of Paracelsus. People who have been in the  
 habit of using blue pill, calomel, and other drugs  
 and cheap nostrums for constipation, should  
 abandon such hurtful and useless medicines, and  
 substitute for them this pleasant and gentle aper-  
 ient, which not only produces the purgative effect  
 naturally, but also strengthens while it regulates  
 the bowels, stomach and liver. It moreover  
 cures and prevents intermittent and remittent  
 fevers, gout, rheumatism, debility and urinary  
 troubles.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Carriage Season  
 OF 1879!

Now commencing at the  
 Leading CARRIAGE Manufactory  
 Of Southern Wisconsin.

Hodge & Buchholz  
 Proprietors.

Our Stock  
 At this time

Is MORE Complete  
 Than will be found at any other establishment,  
 consisting of

PHAEONS!  
 Light Wagons,  
 Top Buggies,  
 Sulkies, &c.

Made by us, and will be warranted in every par-  
 ticular, and sold at prices as

Cheap as the Cheapest!

For First Class Work. Do not purchase until  
 you have given us a call. Repairing and painting  
 done on short notice. Corner Bluff and Milwau-  
 kee Streets, Janesville, Wis.

Notice of Taking Depositions

A new blank, just printed,  
 For sale by the GAZETTE PRINT CO.

## STATE LEGISLATURE.

Six Thousand Badgers Peti-  
 tion for a Prohibitory  
 Liquor Law.

The Senate Committee Report  
 Adversely to Regulating  
 Railroad Charges.

Senator Hudd Presents a Minor-  
 ity Report Against the Pro-  
 hibitory Liquor Law.

The Assembly Discuss the Bill  
 Prohibiting Religious In-  
 struction in Schools.

Other Business Transacted in  
 the Two Houses To-day.

## THE LEGISLATURE.

Special to the Gazette.

MADISON, Feb. 13.—In the Senate peti-  
 tions, representing six thousand names,  
 were presented for the passage of a Con-  
 stitutional amendment prohibiting the  
 liquor traffic in Wisconsin.



# THE GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1879.

Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Trains at Janesville station.

From Milwaukee to Janesville. Arrive 8:30 a.m. Depart 9:00 a.m. From Janesville to Milwaukee. Arrive 1:30 p.m. Depart 1:45 p.m.

Chicago & Northwestern R.R. Trains at Janesville station. Arrive 8:30 a.m. Depart 9:00 a.m.

Western Union Railroad. Trains at Janesville station. Arrive 8:30 a.m. Depart 9:00 a.m.

Post-Office, Summer Time Table. The mails arrive at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

Chicago and Janesville. Arrive 8:30 a.m. Depart 9:00 a.m. Milwaukee and Janesville. Arrive 1:30 p.m. Depart 1:45 p.m.

Over-land Mails Arrive. Chicago and Janesville. Arrive 8:30 a.m. Depart 9:00 a.m.

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phes that Colonel Woolley was engaged also in keeping the Committee advised of the fact that the Florida vote was in the market. Certainly, between them there was no lack of fullness of information in New York, at least outside of 15 Gramercy Park, where the denizens of the house of what was going on prevailed. If Marble merely reported the fact that the Electoral vote of Florida was for sale for \$200,000, and afterwards for \$500,000 as a matter of news, to keep the National Democratic Committee posted on current events, why did he ask Pelton for "full power," and our on Colonel Woolley because he thought the latter figuring too conspicuously in the negotiations.

The City of London.

From the computations of authorities, it appears that London (with all its suburbs) covers within the 15 miles' radius of Charing Cross nearly 700 square miles. It contains within these boundaries over 4,000,000 inhabitants. It contains more country born persons than the countries of Devon and Gloucester combined, or 37 per cent of its entire population. Every four minutes a birth takes place in the metropolis, and every six minutes a death. Within the circle already named there are added to the population 395 persons every day, and 75,000 annually. London has 7,000 miles of streets, and on an average 28 miles of new streets are opened and 9,000 new houses built every year. One thousand vessels and nine thousand sailors are in its port every day. Its crime is also in proportion to its extent. Seventy-three thousand persons are annually taken into custody by the police, and more than one-third of all the crime in the country is committed within its borders. Thirty-eight thousand persons are annually committed for drunkenness by its magistrates. The metropolis comprises considerably upward of 100,000 foreigners from every quarter of the globe. It contains more Roman Catholics than Rome itself, more Jews than Jerusalem, and more Scotchmen than Aberdeen, and more Welshmen than Cardiff. Its beer shops and gin palaces are so numerous that their frontages, if placed side by side, would stretch from Charing Cross to Chichester, a distance of 62 miles. If all the dwellings in London could thus have their frontages placed side by side they would extend beyond the city of York. London has sufficient paupers to occupy every house in Brighton. The society which advocates the cessation of Sunday labor will be astonished to learn that 60 miles of shops are open every Sunday. With regard to churches and chapels, the Bishop of London, examined before a committee of the House of Lords in the year 1840, said: "If you proceed a mile or two eastward of St. Paul's, you will find yourself in the midst of a population the most wretched and destitute of mankind, consisting of artificers, laborers, beggars, and thieves, to the amount of 300,000 or 400,000 souls. Throughout this entire quarter there is not more than one church for every 10,000 inhabitants, and in two districts there is but one church for 45,000 souls." In 1839, Lord John Russell stated in Parliament, that London, with 34 parishes and a population of 1,170,000, had church accommodation for only 100,000. These and other statistics furnished led to the "Metropolis Churches Fund," established in 1836, which has been followed by the Bishop of London's fund. It is still computed, however, that at least 1,000 new churches are required in the metropolis.

Logan at Fort Donelson.

General John A. Logan, who was recently elected to the United States Senate by the Republicans of the Illinois Legislature, was found severely wounded on the battlefield of Fort Donelson by our esteemed Circuit Clerk, Captain W. E. Bell, who, thinking him dead, took off his splendid sword and belt and sent them to his family. Captain Bell, who was then a gallant Confederate soldier, came upon General Logan stretched out upon the ground, dressed in full regiments, his arms folded across his breast, his eyes closed and giving no sign of life. While standing over, as he supposed, the dead body of the Federal Colonel, Captain Bell was joined by Captain Maderia, of the Confederate side, who recognized in Logan his old schoolmate. Maderia was deeply moved at what he thought to be the untimely fate of his youthful companion, and directed Captain Bell where to send the sword of the fallen chieftain. Logan was shot through the lungs, and his life hung on a thread for a long time. Maderia was afterward killed at Chickamauga.

The largest and oldest apple tree in New Hampshire has just been cut down. Its age is stated at 200 years. It measured at the ground 11 feet, 8 inches in circumference. Four feet from the ground it measured 17 feet 8 inches in circumference. It was 60 feet high. It had seven large branches, the largest being over 6 feet in circumference, and a smaller one over 3 feet. About forty years ago it bore fifty bushels of apples in one season, and until the present year it has borne fruit annually.

**F. A. BENNETT'S**  
The largest and oldest apple tree in New Hampshire has just been cut down. Its age is stated at 200 years. It measured at the ground 11 feet, 8 inches in circumference. Four feet from the ground it measured 17 feet 8 inches in circumference. It was 60 feet high. It had seven large branches, the largest being over 6 feet in circumference, and a smaller one over 3 feet. About forty years ago it bore fifty bushels of apples in one season, and until the present year it has borne fruit annually.

Twenty-Five per cent. Saved  
by trading with me.  
F. A. BENNETT  
Janesville, Wis.

Over 1,000,000 Acres for Sale by the  
WINONA & ST. PETER R.R. CO.  
At from \$2 to \$6 per Acre, and on liberal terms.

These lands lie in the great Wheat belt of the North-west, and are well adapted to the growth of other grain, vegetables, etc. The climate is unsurpassed for healthfulness. THEY ARE FREE FROM INCUMBRANCE. Purchasers of 160 acres will be allowed the full amount of their fare over the C. & N. W. and W. & St. P. Railways.

Circulars, Maps, etc., containing FULL INFORMATION sent FREE.  
E. M. BURBANK, Chas. E. Simmons,  
Land Agents, 115 N. LaSalle St.,  
CHICAGO, ILL.

Notice of Taking Depositions  
A new book, just printed.  
For sale by the GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

## JANESVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, ETC.

S. L. JAMES.

MAIN ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE  
Halo, there! Where are you going? I am going to S. L. James' to buy a new Buggy. He is selling a good Leather Trained Buggy for \$605; also the Cortland Platform Wagon for \$95.00; and a new Buggy for \$100.00, and all work warranted as represented.

GUNS AND AMMUNITION.

J. B. EHLE.

MAIN ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE  
Dealer in  
Breech and Muzzle Loading Guns and  
Revolvers.  
Also a Full Line of Sporting Goods always on hand, at bottom prices. Money to loan on collateral.

HARNESES, BLANKETS, ETC.

W. J. SADLER.

MAIN ST. - - - - - NEAR GAZETTE OFFICE.  
A Large Stock of Harnesses on Hand at Bottom Prices.

WIND MILLS BLOWN DOWN.

E. CALF.

NO. 6 FRANKLIN ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE  
Stencel Cutter, Lock Smith, & Co.  
Have accepted the agency of the Evansville Road for Wind Mills, second to none; will put up a ten foot wheel, with pump, and pipe complete for well 100 feet deep for \$75. A good guarantee given; also new Rubber Boots to Goodyear's; Cutlery ground, Saws filed, Melodians and Accordions tuned; Cistern and Deep Well Pumps.

GROCERIES.

JOHN H. MYERS.

MAIN ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE  
Dealer in  
Groceries and Provisions,  
Green, Dried and Canned Fruits, Tobacco and Cigars.  
Fresh Fish and Mallory Oysters always on hand.

ESTABLISHED 1848.

C. B. CONRAD.

NO. 5 MAIN ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE  
Dealer in  
Staple and Fancy Groceries.  
And a fine assortment of goods generally found in a first-class store. Also wholesale and retail dealer in Cigars.

GILES FISHER.

S. MAIN ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE.

New Grocery House, Does Business on the Square.  
Keeps a Full Line of Fresh Goods at all times. Call and see him.

MARBLE WORKS.

J. TUCKWOOD.

NO. 2 N. JACKSON ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE  
Dealer in  
Marble and Limestone, Monuments, Tombs, &c.

INSURANCE.

M. M. HART, Special Agent.

Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York  
Cash Assets \$85,000.00.  
Office with Messrs. Dimock & Hayner, Second Floor, Smith & Jackson's Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

JEWELRY & SILVERWARE.

WEBB & HALL.

LAPPIN'S BLOCK. - - - - - JANESVILLE

DEALERS IN  
Watches, Jewelry, and Silverware.

OLD BOWER CITY MILL.

C. RAYMOND, Proprietor.

MILL ON THE RACE. - - - - - JANESVILLE

Does General Custom Grinding of all Kinds on Short Notice  
And in the Best of Shape.

ART GALLERIES.

W. A. HAND & CO.

(Successors to B. F. Green.)  
V. MILWAUKEE ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE.  
Photograph Gallery.  
or many years past a permanent institution.  
Work Warranted Superior to any in the Country.

BARBER SHOP & BATH ROOMS.

HARRY ANDERSON.

N. MAIN ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE.  
Tonsorial Parlor and Bathing Rooms.  
Warm and cold baths at all hours. Anderson's Bandoline, the Finest Hair Dressing in use, only cents per bottle.

FURNITURE.

M. HANSON & CO.

ON THE RACE. - - - - - JANESVILLE.  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in  
Fine Furniture, and Bedroom Sets.  
Down to hard-pan prices. Upholstering done at reasonable rates. For genuine bargains, good work, and fair dealing, call at their warehouses.

W. H. ASHCRAFT.

NO. 32, W. MILWAUKEE ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE  
MANUFACTURER AND  
Dealer in all kinds of Furniture,  
At Lowest Cash Prices. Special attention paid to Undertaking.

L. B. CUTTING, Proprietor.

64 W. MILWAUKEE ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE

New Furniture Rooms.  
Keeps a Full Line of all kinds of Furniture at Lowest Living Figures. Undertaking a Specialty.

BRITTON & KIMBALL.

W. MILWAUKEE ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE.  
DEALERS IN  
Fine Furniture, and Practical Undertakers.  
12 Years' Experience. Prices of all Goods Very Reasonable.

HARDWARE.

JOHN GRIFFITHS.

W. MILWAUKEE ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE  
DEALER IN  
Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, Cutlery,  
Wood Work for Buggies and Wagons, Coal and Wood Stoves, &c.

W. S. BENNETT & CO.

W. MILWAUKEE ST. - - - - - JANESVILLE.  
DEALERS IN  
Hardware, Tinware, and Woodware.  
All kinds of Carpenters' Hardware; Wood, Pumps, Barbed Wire, and the Finest Cook and Heating Stoves ever offered for sale in the West. All kinds of Job Work done to Order.

HAIR GOODS.

MRS. W. J. SADLER.

MAIN ST. - - - - - NEAR GAZETTE OFFICE.  
Manufacturer and Dealer in  
All kinds of Human Hair Goods.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Goodell & King,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Office No. 8, W. Milwaukee street, first door west of Postoffice. Money to loan. Business attended to with promptness and dispatch.  
JANESVILLE

J. B. CASSIDAY.

Cassiday & Carpenter.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Office corner Main and Milwaukee streets, in Lappin's block, JANESVILLE, WIS.  
februaryday

E. B. ELDREDGE.

ELDREDGE & FETHERS

LAWYERS,

Smith & Jackson's Block.

J. H. BALCH,

Justice of the Peace

Conveyancing Promptly Attended to:

Agent Atchison, Topka & Santa Fe R. R. Co.

Office Postoffice Block, Milwaukee Street, Janesville, Wis. Tel. 124.

WM. SMITH.

SMITH & PHELPS.

Attorneys - at - Law.

Collections made, loans negotiated, mortgages foreclosed.  
Office, Lappin's block, cor. Main and Milwaukee streets.  
may17day

Abstracts of Title

A. E. MORSE.

At the Office of Registrar of Deeds.  
Will furnish abstracts of title to any lands in this county on reasonable rates; buy and sell real estate; pay taxes and negotiate loans.  
may17day

Dr. M. A. NEWMAN,

Dental Surgeon.

Office in Smith & Jackson's block, opposite the postoffice, Janesville. Practices Dentistry in all its branches. Administers nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of teeth. sep2day

Dr. Clara L. Normington

(A graduate of the Woman's Medical College, Chicago), respectfully offers her services to the people of Janesville and vicinity.

Diseases of Women and Children a Specialty.

Office 19 West Milwaukee street, Tallman's block. Office hours from 1 to 5 p. m. Residence 12 Pleasant St., 2d door West Franklin St. sep2day

H. H. BLANCHARD'S

Law, Collection, Real Estate and Loan Office.

Special attention given to collections, and to the foreclosure of mortgages. All business intrusted to him care promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Office on Main street, over M. C. Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Janesville, Wis. sep2day

GEO. H. MCCAUSEY

SURGEON DENTIST

Office in Tallman's Block, opposite First National Bank, West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis. februaryday

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

\$1200 credits on 30 days investment of \$100

Proportional returns every week on 1 stock option of \$100.

\$20. - \$50. - \$100. - \$500.

Official Reporters and Circulars free. Address, P. O. Box 107, WIGGITT & CO., Bankers, 35 Wall St., N. Y.

\$7 A DAY to Agents canvassing for the Fire.

Address P. O. Box 107, WIGGITT & CO., Bankers, 35 Wall St., N. Y.

30 Fancy Cards, Chromo, Snowflake, &c., No. 3

allike with name, 10 cts. J. MICKLER & CO., Nassau, N. Y.

\$77 A Month and expenses guaranteed to Agents. Quilt free. SHAW & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

TO ADVERTISE - Send for our Select

list of Local Newspapers. Sent free on application. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

DR. A. G. OLIN

Private Hospital, 30 S. Clark St., Chicago.

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## GREAT REDUCTION IN DRY GOODS!

AT

McCLERNAN & CO'S.

FOR 60 DAYS ONLY.

Look at our PRICE LIST!

We have this day marked down our entire stock of Dry Goods, in order to make room for our spring stock.

Bonnette and Knickerbocker Dress Goods 5c per yard, former prices 10c; our 12 1/2c Goods for 10c.

Plain and Corded Alpaca in all Shades, 15 Cents

French Bonnette Cashmere 2 1/2, 15c, former price 25c.



## Gentle Women

Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful Hair must use **LYON'S KATHALON**. This elegant, cheap article always makes the Hair grow freely and fast, keeps it from falling out, arrests and cures grayness, removes dandruff and itching, makes the Hair strong, giving it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy Hair is the sure result of using Kathalron.

## JANESVILLE. BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

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**W. C. HOLMES,**  
T. MILWAUKEE ST., - OPP. POST OFFICE,  
Tailor and Draper; a Full Line of Fine  
Cloths Always on Hand.  
Will be made to order in the best of style, at the  
lowest possible prices. We do good work.

### LIVERY STABLE.

**N. FREDERICKS, Proprietor.**  
MILWAUKEE ST., - - - JANESVILLE  
(Near the Davis House).  
First Class Livery.  
Particular Attention Paid to the Furnishing of  
Horse and Carriages for Funerals.

### COAL AND WOOD.

**HOLBOORN & ATWOOD.**  
W. MILWAUKEE ST., - - - JANESVILLE.  
DEALERS IN  
Coal, Wood, Brick, Water Lime, Quick  
Lime, Plastering, Lath  
and Sewer Pipe.

**CARPENTER & GOWDEY.**  
OFFICE CORNER OF ACADEMY AND RACE  
STREETS, JANESVILLE  
Near Milwaukee & St. Paul Freight Depot.  
Before Buying Fuel Elsewhere, Call  
On  
CARPENTER & GOWDEY, who will endeavor  
to give satisfaction in every respect.

### BOOTS & SHOES.

**MYHR & EVENSON.**  
N. MAIN ST., - - - - - JANESVILLE.  
Boot & Shoe Makers.  
Our Own Made Calf Boot \$5. Can't be beat;  
Full line of Ready Made Work on hand; Our own  
make Kip boot for \$1.

### C. MINER.

NO. 35 MAIN ST., - - - - - JANESVILLE  
MANUFACTURER AND  
Dealer in Boots & Shoes.  
Constantly on hand, the Largest, Cheapest, and  
Best Selected Stock in Southern Wisconsin. Every  
one in want of anything in this line, are in-  
vited to call, and examine Goods and Prices.

### TRULSON & PETERSON.

36 N. MAIN ST., - - - - - JANESVILLE  
DEALERS IN  
Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers for Fall and  
Winter Wear  
From 25 to 50 per cent Below Old Prices; of the  
Best Quality; their Custom Department is always  
well supplied; Repairs Neatly Done.

### FLOUR, FEED, ETC.

**JAMES CLARK & CO.**  
W. MILWAUKEE ST., - - - JANESVILLE  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Choice Patent Corn, Extra Minnesota  
Wheat Flour.  
Buckwheat Flour, Bran, Feed, &c. All Flour  
Warranted to give satisfaction.

### BARNES & HODSON.

FLOUR MILLS ON RACE - - - JANESVILLE  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Pearl White Patent, Hodson's Best,  
From Old and New Minnesota Wheat. Delivery  
to all parts of the City.

### PAINTING.

**ROGERS & HUTCHINSON.**  
44 E. MILWAUKEE ST., - - - JANESVILLE.  
House, Sign and Carriage Painting;  
Paper-Hanging, Graining, Glaz-  
ing, Etc.  
Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnish, Glass, Putty  
Brushes, &c. All work done by them. We guar-  
antee satisfaction. Country Orders Promptly At-  
tended to.

### WINE HOUSE.

**L. WYLER, Proprietor.**  
MILWAUKEE ST., - - - JANESVILLE.  
DEALER IN  
Wine and Whiskey and Retail Agent  
for Best Milwaukee Bottled Beer.  
Opposite the Myers House.

### STONE MILLS.

**NOTESMAN BROS. Proprietors.**  
Office at Corner of Franklin & West Milwaukee  
Street Corn Exchange.  
Where is kept the following brands of flour:  
Choice Patent Sun, Best Minnesota  
Wheat Flour, and Rolled Flour,  
Made without the use of Mill Stone; also all  
kinds of feed; Good Flour exchanged for  
Good Wheat; Cash paid for Wheat.

### DRUGGIST.

**A. J. ROBERTS.**  
E. MILWAUKEE ST., - - - JANESVILLE  
DEALER IN  
All kinds of Drugs, Medicines, &c., &c.  
Also, Boche's German Syrup and Green's As-  
sault Flower always on hand.

### LUMBEE, WINDOWS & DOORS.

**D. E. FIFIELD & BROS.**  
RIVER ST., - - - - - JANESVILLE  
Pioneer Yard.  
Dealers in Lumber, Windows, Doors, and all  
kinds of Building Materials used or kept for  
Building purposes at Very Low Prices.

### To Justices of the Peace.

BLANKS for Justice's Returns to County Board  
new and convenient form.  
JANESVILLE PRINTING CO.

## THE GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1879.

### MAMMON AND THE PULPIT.

The Salaries Drawn Annually by the  
Leading Clergymen of To-Day-The  
Great Contrast in Income-Popular  
Preachers Receiving Twice as Much  
as Ordinary Pastors.

From the New York Herald.  
Clergymen as a rule are poorly paid. In  
fact, as Dr. Hepworth once said, "They  
don't like to talk about their incomes, they  
are so very small." The Herald recently  
treated of "Mr. Beecher as a Money Mak-  
er," saying that in thirty years that dis-  
tinguished preacher had drawn into the  
coffers of Plymouth Church the round sum  
of \$1,000,000, and accounting for \$750,000  
that he had made in his several callings on  
his own account. The subject thus started  
seems to have attracted universal attention,  
and in places the unfair inference is drawn  
that ministers have big pay and an easy  
life. The fact is that the average compen-  
sation of a clergyman in all denominations,  
city and country, is less than \$500 per  
annum. A few favored dominies are paid  
from \$1,000 to \$15,000, but there are thou-  
sands who have from \$250 to \$500 and are  
lucky to get that-half of it possibly in  
vegetables and "truck."

### THE PAY IN CITIES.

Clerical compensation in cities is greater  
than in the provinces, but so are the ex-  
penses. Mr. Beecher worked many years  
on \$350 salary, half of which was paid by  
the Home Missionary Society, and he sup-  
ported himself largely by the labor of his  
hands. Now his salary is larger than any  
other paid to a preacher in this country-  
\$20,000. For this he preaches twice on  
Sunday and presides at the Friday evening  
prayer meeting. Formerly he also lectured  
on Wednesday evening, but that habit was  
given up several years ago, partly because  
it interfered with his out of town work, but  
largely because what used to be a regular  
old-fashioned prayer meeting had run into  
a pastor's "talk." Nobody seemed to care  
to pray or speak; they preferred to listen to  
Beecher. The late Deacons Corning,  
Fanning, and Fitzgerald were fond  
of asking questions, to which Mr. Beecher  
made long responses, and occasionally Brother  
Joe Knapp en-  
livened the proceedings in behalf of sin-  
ners, but as a rule Mr. Beecher did, as he  
now does, the bulk of the work. He has  
three months' vacation each year, so that  
his salary is paid him for three ser-  
vices a week, or for nine months a year,  
at \$1875 for each public appearance. Mr.  
Beecher does not give much time to  
parochial duties, the majority of them de-  
volving upon Dr. Halliday, who visits the  
sick, drums up religious delinquents, preys  
with the dying and looks out for the church  
missions, earning his \$3,000 by real hard  
work.

### DR. TALMAGE.

Brooklyn has more high priced preach-  
ers than any other city in proportion. Next  
to Beecher, Dr. Talmage has the largest  
salary in the City of Churches. He was  
made \$12,000 last year, and will be kept  
at that figure this year. Dr. Talmage has  
not yet developed into a national teacher,  
and confines himself largely to the duties  
of the Tabernacle, the Lay College and  
their outgrowths. He has two preaching  
services and a prayer meeting every Sun-  
day. He lectures once a week and at-  
tends also a prayer meeting. He supervises  
the Lay College and makes a point of visit-  
ing the Sunday School. In addition to this  
he is somewhat of a preacher. That is, he  
does not confine himself to the perfunctory  
duty of preaching alone, but calls around  
on his people, talks with the mothers and  
the children and interests himself to an ex-  
tent in their domestic troubles.

### REV. MORGAN DIX.

Trinity Corporation is liberal in its deal-  
ing with its servants. Morgan Dix, the  
rector, receives \$15,000. He is responsi-  
ble to the corporation for the entire parish,  
and has much office work that makes no  
public show. He is the disciplinarian of  
the parish. He preaches regularly in  
Trinity church or St. Paul's, attends meet-  
ings, looks out for the Sunday schools, now  
and then marries or reads the funeral ser-  
vice and literally holds the affairs of the  
church, as he does its keys, in his hands.  
It is said that Beecher, Dix, the young-  
er Potter, Storrs and others, would be able  
to make four times their salaries as law-  
yers, but, however that may be, the fact  
remains that they do make them as such  
as churchmen, and each in his way. There  
from all the rest, Dr. Dix was at one time  
designed for the law, but having entered  
the church service under Dr. Burrian, his  
predecessor, he found no difficulty in secur-  
ing the prominence he now has. His father,  
General Dix, is Comptroller of his Father  
Parish, and his salary is also reported at  
\$15,000.

### DR. TAYLOR.

Dr. William Taylor is probably the best  
paid Congregationalist orator in New York,  
receiving \$12,000 or \$14,000. He works  
hard, preaches regularly, lectures, presides  
at prayer meetings, is active on boards and  
committees, looks out for the Sunday  
school interests and pays special attention  
to pastoral calls. This feature of a pastor's  
life is much neglected by clergymen who  
are pressed by public duties, such as lec-  
turing, editing and attending conventions.  
There are many ministers whose chief  
success in the pulpit consists in the fact  
that they are personally every man, woman  
and child in their congregation, and go  
from house to house seeking opportunity  
to sympathize with, cheer and succor  
their flock.

WHAT DR. HEPWORTH SAYS.  
Rev. Dr. Hepworth stands on the other  
side of the line. While Beecher, Storrs,  
Talmage, Dix, Taylor, Tiffany, Potter and  
Tung can count their tens of thousands,  
Dr. Hepworth is compelled to support  
himself by his own work outside of the  
pulpit. As he puts it, his situation is rather  
suggestive. A Herald reporter found the  
Doctor yesterday morning hard at work  
in his cozy study in Forty-seventh  
street, and in response to a question, said:  
"Ah, that's a subject in which I take great  
interest. The underpayment of clergymen  
is why, certainly, the world is full of it,  
and here's a bright example."

"Why, I thought you were rolling in  
riches."  
"Nonsense. Why, if I didn't do work  
outside of my pulpit I'd have nothing to  
live on. When I started my church I was  
crippled by the death of a staunch friend.  
We had a debt of \$500,000. That is re-  
quested to \$85,000. My salary was \$2,500;  
but I didn't get it. It is now and has been  
for two years \$5,000; but I don't ever get it."

"Your city ministers have an easy life  
and plenty of money."  
"Well, you don't know anything about  
it. I see the other side. When you see a  
man with his boots a little broken and his  
coat somewhat rusty you may at least infer  
that he isn't overwhelmed with cash. Out  
of the 500 ministers in New York I don't  
believe there are half a dozen who can save  
a cent from their salaries."

"What is your salary?"  
"Nominally \$5,000, but if it were not  
for my work I couldn't live. I can't get  
it, and I suppose others are in the same  
boat."

Dr. Hepworth bears his troubles like a  
man and his church gives evidence of  
growth.  
DR. STORRS.  
Dr. R. H. Storrs, of the Church of the  
Pilgrims, has \$10,000 salary. He has lived  
over thirty years in a fair house in Pier-  
repoint street in Brooklyn, and keeps a very  
modest establishment. He visits as the light  
deal among his people who are generally  
men of means and make him valuable

presents; send him to Europe, and so on.  
Dr. Storrs preaches twice on Sunday, al-  
though he frequently exchanges or intro-  
duces a brother who pleads for one or  
other of the several "causes" in which the  
church is interested. He also lectures, at-  
tends the regular prayer meetings, the  
social gatherings, the Sunday school and  
the church committees, of which he is  
chairman.

### DR. CUYLER.

Dr. Cuyler, just now prominent as one  
of Dr. Talmage's *belles noires*, is one of the  
oldest pastors in Brooklyn, where he has  
\$9,000 per annum. He is really a pastor.  
He preaches regularly and attends to all  
the seasonal demands of the Lafayette Av-  
enue church, but his forte is pastoral vis-  
itation. He goes from family to family,  
making himself a help in reason of trouble  
and literally leads his flock like a shep-  
herd.

### DR. HALL.

Dr. Hall earns his \$15,000 in a similar  
manner. His preaching is but a small part  
of his work. This he does twice on Sun-  
day, but he is well known on the av-  
enue as any promenade there. His people  
are avenue people, and he visits them.  
He has young ladies' classes and the attend-  
ants. He goes from family to family,  
making himself a help in reason of trouble  
and literally leads his flock like a shep-  
herd. All through the week there are  
devotional services, at which Dr. Hall  
attends, and he devotes all his time  
to his people and the interests of his pa-  
rish.

### OTHER CLERGYMEN.

Dr. Potter has \$10,000 and his house, Dr.  
Tiffany \$10,000. Dr. Tyng is credited with  
\$3,000. A number of New York and  
Brooklyn ministers get from \$3,000 to  
\$10,000. In San Francisco Dr. Stone has  
\$12,000. Occasionally clergymen hire a  
hall, like the Music Hall of Tremont Tem-  
ple, in Boston, and depend on Sunday col-  
lections for their income. Oftentimes the  
congregations there are from two thousand  
to four thousand in numbers, but it is  
doubtful if the collections would average  
\$50 each service. All the year Dr. Hep-  
worth preached in Steinway Hall he re-  
ceived nothing in the way of salary. Dr.  
Chapin has from \$8,000 to \$10,000; Dr.  
Morgan is reported at \$15,000. "Fashion-  
able" clergymen sometimes receive a good  
salary in the guise of fees. Mr. Beecher  
was given a check for \$500 for making a  
couple men and wife. Of late years it is  
the custom to pay clergymen who attend  
funerals, particularly when the dead were  
not members of the congregation. Small  
salaries are occasionally eked out by free  
trips to Europe, but as a rule to them who  
have much is given and those who have not  
have to get along as best they can.

The pastor of the Summerfield Metho-  
dist Church has \$4,000 and a parsonage,  
and his trustees think that they will give  
him a present of \$1,000. Methodist clergy-  
men in cities range from \$1,000 to \$3,000;  
Presbyterians from \$1,200 to \$10,000, a  
majority being \$2,000; Congregationalists  
from \$1,500 to \$20,000; the latter figure  
found but once, and \$5,000 being a fair av-  
erage; Episcopalians average \$3,000; Ep-  
iscopals are not overburdened with this world's  
goods, and their average is \$2,000; Unitar-  
ians average \$1,000. In old times parson-  
ages went with the churches, but nowa-  
days there are few of them only. In the  
country, where \$2,500 would be a large  
salary, a parsonage is generally provided,  
and the average salary is under \$1,000.  
Boston pays a few big salaries-four of  
\$10,000 and quite a number of \$6,000 to  
\$8,000. Popular preachers make more  
money than simple pastors, and if Dr.  
Hepworth is correct in saying that  
churches as a rule do not take care of  
broken down clergymen, it is obvious that  
whatever savings the average parson has  
must be treasured laid up in heaven; he  
certainly has none to lay on earth.

### The Pie-Eating Championship.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.  
Mr. T. J. McNulty, who claims to be  
the champion pie-eater of America, pub-  
lished a challenge last week in the New  
York Sun, to which there have been sev-  
eral responses. Mr. John J. Weeks, of the  
United States Biscuit Factory, who signs  
himself the "Champion Spogee Cake E-  
ter," accepts Mr. McNulty's challenge to  
eat pies for the championship of the  
United States. Mr. Alfred Walzinger,  
Champion Plum pudding Eater, also ac-  
cepts, provided the pies be apple pies, of  
the prescribed size, the prize to be the  
championship and \$200. The champion  
Pie-eater of New Jersey, who fails to give  
his other name is anxious to enter  
the ring, as is also Mr. George O.  
Sinker, Champion Doughnut Eater, who  
is "not over 17 years old, tall and lean."  
He stipulates that the pies shall be hot and  
made home. Mr. P. J. Maloney, who so  
far as heard from is not a champion of  
anything, will wager from \$5 to \$500 that  
he can win the pie eating championship  
from Mr. McNulty; and Mr. Richard  
Dumphy, Champion Saratoga American  
Pie Eater, will bet from \$100 to \$1,000  
that he can consume more pie in thirty  
minutes than Mr. McNulty can. Last is  
Mr. Charles McClenon, who accepts "with  
the following proviso, viz: The pies shall  
be of your domestic make, and shall be  
etc., but four pies must be placed one on  
top of the other, each bite to be through  
four pies." Mr. McClenon is 16 years of  
age.

### The Great Plague.

The plague is one of the oldest things  
under the sun. According to Pictavius, it  
ravaged the whole known world in 707 B.  
C. In 534 B. C. it made terrible havoc in  
Carthage, and the people, deploring the  
anger of the gods, offered up their children  
as sacrifices. Thucydides has left a graphic  
description of the plague which raged in  
Athens in 430 B. C., and which extended  
over Egypt and Ethiopia. In the eighteenth  
year of the Christian era, Rome was de-  
populated at the rate of 10,000 daily.  
Three centuries and a half later the plague  
appeared in Britain, where the living were  
not able to bury the dead. There is little  
reason to doubt the statement that 200 per-  
cent perished daily in London during an  
epidemic which raged in 1349, and which  
prevailed throughout Europe. In 1478  
more persons perished in England of pesti-  
lence than had died in fifteen years of com-  
mon war. At various periods of its  
history London has suffered terribly from  
plague. More than 20,000 persons perished  
in 1603-5, and more than 35,000 in 1625.  
But it was not until 1665 that the city  
learned what a scourge the plague might  
become. A moderate estimate says that  
69,000 persons perished, and that the ques-  
tioned to \$85,000. My salary was \$2,500;  
but I didn't get it. It is now and has been  
for two years \$5,000; but I don't ever get it."

Thirty Years a Stranger at Home.  
Boston Transcript.

Men may escape the law, but their own  
conscience they cannot flee from. Many  
years ago a young man in this city was  
guilty of an offense against the law, an  
offense which brought social ruin upon  
himself and his family. The man and his  
offense are forgotten by the public, but he  
lives, and lives here in Boston. But from  
the day his offense was discovered-al-  
though having escaped the law, he is free  
to come and go as he pleases-he has  
never been seen outside of his own home  
in the daytime. Sometimes, under the  
cover of night, he walks abroad to take an  
airing, and note the changes that thirty  
years have wrought, but an ever-active  
conscience makes him the light of  
day, and the faces of men, and he walks  
about a stranger in the midst of those  
among whom he has always lived.

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The Fall style of  
Foreign and Domestic Cloths  
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**GENT'S**  
Furnishing Goods  
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**WERE NEVER MORE COMPLETE**  
-IN-  
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My success lies in being a practical Tailor, and  
superintending the manufacturing myself, and allow  
no garment to go out unless it gives perfect sat-  
isfaction.

J. L. FORD.

**SHIRT PATTERNS**  
CUT TO ORDER. PRICE 30 CENTS.  
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NOW OPEN.  
JACKMAN & SMITH'S BLOCK.

**John H. Wingate**  
Has just returned from New York with a fine  
Fresh stock of  
**DRY GOODS!**

And notions, bought at the present extremely  
low prices, many of the goods being cheaper than  
ever before, and will be sold at a trifle above cost  
for cash.

**DRESS GOODS!**  
Cloaks, Shawls, Ladies' Underwear, Hosiery,  
Gloves, Corsets, Cloths, Flannels, Zephyr Wor-  
eds, Yarns, Staple Cottons, and all other goods  
kept in first class Dry Goods Houses. My policy  
will be

**One Price to All.**  
And that the LOWEST. Close personal attention  
to customers and business, and a complete as-  
sortment of good goods at all times. I respect-  
fully solicit the patronage of the public.

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## Farmers' Mills.

HOW IS THIS FOR LOW?

Patent Gem Flour per sack, 50 lbs.	\$1.50
St. Louis best winter wheat, per sack 50 lbs.	1.25
Best old Minnesota, per sack, 50 lbs.	1.25
New Minnesota per sack, 50 lbs.	1.00
Wisconsin, per sack, 50 lbs.	.90
Buckwheat No. 1, per sack 25 lbs.	.70
Oat meal, best in the city, per 25 lbs.	.65
Bolted meal, per sack, 25 lbs.	.25
Graham flour, best in the city, per sack 25 lbs.	.60
Corn meal, per cwt.	.60
Corn and oats ground per cwt.	.60
Middlings per cwt.	.60
Chicken feed per cwt.	.60
Bran, per cwt.	.40
Buckwheat bran per ton.	\$5.00

These Goods are all of the  
**Very Best Quality!**

And are guaranteed to give the very best  
satisfaction or money refunded, and we  
will deliver to all parts of the City  
Free of charge. We pay the highest market  
price for all kinds of grain.

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No. 11 West Milwaukee Street, Opposite the  
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## PROF. HARRIS' RADICAL CURE FOR SPERMATORRHEA.

"SEMINAL PASTILLE"

Trade Mark.  
HARRIS' RADICAL CURE FOR SPERMATORRHEA.  
This is a valuable discovery and New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely new Remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Seminal Emissions and Impotency by the only true way, viz: Direct Application to the Seminal Vesicles, the principal seat of the disease, acting by Absorption, and exerting its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles, Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, it is quickly dissolved and soon absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organizations wrecked from self-abuse and excess, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the vitality and sound healthy condition, and the appearance of premature old age usually accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test of many cases, and has proved a permanent cure. Druggists are too much preoccupied in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness to, with but little if any permanent good. There is no Nonsense about this Preparation. Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction. During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is most recommended by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon whom quick relief is their earnest desire. The Remedy is put up in three sizes, to suit the needs of the patient, and is sent in a plain wrapper by mail for \$3. Two boxes, sufficient to effect a permanent cure, will cost \$6.00. Send for a full description of the Remedy, and receive by mail the words "HARRIS' RADICAL CURE FOR SPERMATORRHEA" for using will accompany EACH BOX. Illustrations, which will convince the most skeptical, that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and find for the duties of life, as soon as it is received. Send for the full description of the Remedy, and receive by mail the words "HARRIS' RADICAL CURE FOR SPERMATORRHEA" for using will accompany EACH BOX. HARRIS REMEDY CO. MFG. CHEMISTS, Market and 6th Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO. Jan30daw1

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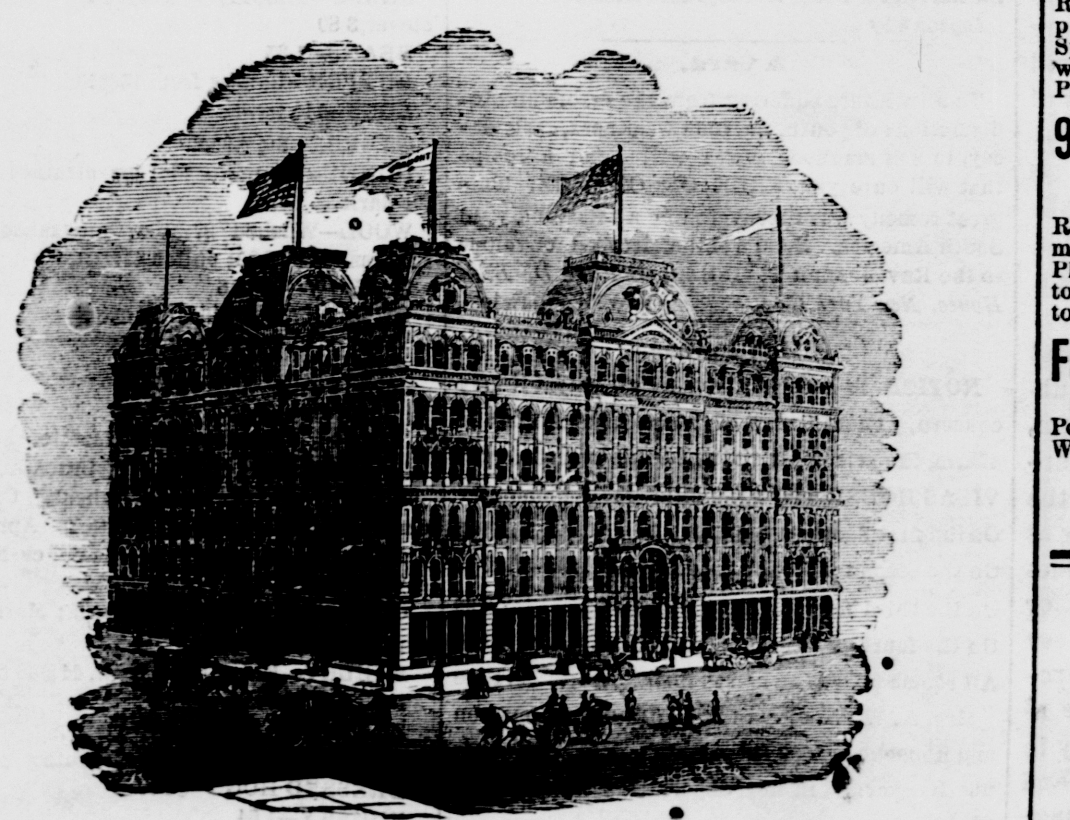
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THE TREMONT HOUSE, the "Palace Hotel" of Chicago, is unsurpassed in all the appointments, luxuries and comforts of a first-class Hotel. Situated in the heart of the business portion of the city, it offers superior inducements to, and is the favorite home of the pleasure seeker from \$8.00 to \$4.00 per day, according to size and location of rooms. Rooms, without board, can be secured at \$1.00 to \$2.00 per day, with one of the finest RESTAURANTS in the West attached to the Hotel.

The undersigned having assumed the MANAGEMENT of the Tremont, hopes to welcome there his old friends, acquaintances, and the traveling public generally, and trusts whenever you visit the city you will favor him with a share of your patronage. Chicago, 1877. JEWETT WILCOX, Manager.

## Chicago & North-Western RAIL



## BRIEFLETS.

—Snappish.  
—Valentines to-morrow.  
—Prayer meeting to-night.  
—Winter is giving us back-pay.  
—The worst kind of a contract is to contract a cold.

—The Endowment Rank of the Knights of Pythias meet to-night.

—Mrs. Rev. F. L. Chapell returned yesterday from Chicago, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. J. S. Shaw, recently from Denver, Col.

—The Beloit Free Press states that a new dye house has been established there, and also that a meeting of citizens has been held to see about enlarging the cemetery. Perhaps there is no connection between the two.

—The masquerade party last evening was not largely attended, but proved a very pleasant affair. Anderson's band furnished the music, and those who joined in the merry dance seemed to be supremely happy.

—There is talk to the effect that Mrs. Bridge will be secured to deliver another lecture in Janesville next Wednesday night. If the talk results in a completion of the necessary arrangements she will have a full house.

—Charles R. Doe, who is now agent for the Northwestern railroad at Lovilia, Iowa, is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Doe. He intends spending two or three weeks, which will be gratifying to his many friends here.

—The Court Street Literary Society missed it last evening in not putting A. Hyatt Smith on the stand. In his early years as an attorney he met Aaron Burr often, and relates many interesting incidents concerning him.

—At the social and entertainment to be given by the Temple of Honor next Tuesday evening, Prof. Titcomb, Miss Battle, Miss Gibbs, and Mrs. King will join in dedicating the new piano. There will be vocal music also and a dance will follow.

—Miss LaChapelle at 12 o'clock last night had completed her 1,743d quarter, and says she is sure to complete her undertaking, though every step she takes causes her pain, her feet being so tender. She didn't draw much of a crowd when she walked here, but then there's more culture and taste in Chicago.

—Dickerson is still at work on his life. He feels quite elated over the fact that he was one of those who snatched away the razor from Ingalls, the would-be suicide. This incident will, when related in his peculiar style, add fresh interest to the forthcoming volume.

—It is said that Mrs. Mack is irrepresible, and that she is again indulging in writing letters which she managed to get passed out to the outside world through the bars. The fellow who helped her was placed where he could give her no further aid in this direction. It seems that Mrs. Mack would have learned ere this that silence is gold.

—There was a slight scare from fire this morning at the residence of John Davis, the grocer. A patent kerosene fire kindler was being used to start a blaze in the stove, when by some accident the little tin can, used to keep the kindler in, caught fire and blazed up against the side of the room. It was speedily squelched before any particular damage was done.

—The Green County Reformer publishes a letter from Dr. Gunn, of Chicago, denying that he ever gave any permission to have his name used as a reference by a certain Dr. Guinan who is travelling about in this part of the State. He mentions Dr. Gunn's name on his circulars as among those to whom he refers by permission, but it is probably by permission of Dr. Guinan instead of by permission of Dr. Gunn that he thus refers to him.

—Janesville is getting to have a uniform way of doing things, and is now prepared to furnish parades on short notice. The militiamen, the knights, the fire department, the bands, the various secret societies, all now have bright buttons and regalia enough to get up a Fourth of July celebration here on our own hook, and then there are tramps enough around loose to form a company of calithumpians. Hurrah for home industry.

—A fellow pretending to be a rich farmer from Janesville, has been selling Wau-paca folks. He bargained for a large number of cows to be delivered and paid for in a few days. He pretended to have been robbed, and to have had his clothes torn off him, so he borrowed a new suit, and was married to a respectable girl there. In about a week after, he left, taking the clothes with him. The girl and the cows are waiting in vain to be taken to Janesville.—Wau-paca Times.

—Dr. Gish's sun pictures will appear at Lappin's hall Friday and Saturday evenings. The entertainment will be such as none can afford to lose. It makes a cheap way to travel over two continents, and stay at home at the same time. The views will present as clear an idea of various spots of interest as could be gained by seeing the realities themselves. The admission is merely nominal, single admission for adults being fifteen cents, or two for a quarter, and for children ten cents, or three for a quarter.

—Rev. A. Lee Royce, rector of Christ Episcopal church, has caused to be published in convenient and attractive form, the programme of services to be held during Lent, which commences Wednesday the 26th. He also presents some suggestions as helps in living a christian life. Besides the injunctions to not neglect prayer or reading of the bible, he gives some very practical hints, among them being a request to dress plainly and not be late at church, and when there to join heartily in the services. Also, to try and think and speak kindly of every one. Such a maximum would do for every man to have pasted in his hat.

—Mr. R. D. Whitford, who, for the past two years, has been reading law in this city, with Messrs. Bennett & Sale, and who was recently admitted to the bar here, has received an appointment in the office

of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and left the city to-day for Madison, to enter upon his new duties. The appointment of Mr. Whitford is a fitting compliment to a worthy young man. His excellent ability, sterling integrity, correct habits, and careful and thorough attention to business is a sufficient guarantee that anything that comes within the line of his duties will be faithfully and well attended to. He leaves a host of friends in this city, whose best wishes go with him.

## A FOX IN THE HOLE.

Justice Pritchard yesterday afternoon decided the case of Yeager & McKee vs. J. Frank Fox, in which the plaintiffs claimed damages for having a team so overdriven that one horse died and the other was badly used up. The court gave a judgment in favor of the plaintiff for \$150 and costs. The criminal case against Fox and Mills for the same offense, will be decided by Justice Balch to-morrow. The costs in the civil suit now amount to about \$50 and the costs in the criminal case \$162.

## THE NEW UNIFORMS.

Yesterday afternoon the new uniforms of the Guards were placed upon the counters of M. C. Smith & Son for inspection and acceptance, making a showy array of military trappings. They are made of cadet gray trimmed with light buff, the coats being cut swallow-tail fashion, the breast decorated with three rows of buttons and striped across with gold braid, and the pants having a stripe of buff running down the leg. Several of the Guards have already put themselves inside of these new clothes, and they fit finely, and look nobby. If the company do not present an attractive appearance when clad in these new clothes it will be no fault of the tailor. Thirty seven of the uniforms are now completed and the others will be soon ready. Smith & Son have done a good job for the boys.

## AARON BURR.

Last evening about forty gathered at the parlors of Court Street Church to discuss the life and character of Aaron Burr. Miss Isa Carley opened the programme with an interesting biographical sketch. Miss Estella Griswold gave a well-prepared paper on "Blunderbuss and Burr's Treason," which called forth some talk. Burr's career as a politician and lawyer was also taken up. There were a few who had been flattered by Aaron's apologetic biography of Burr, but the evident preponderance of opinion was that Burr was at least not quite up to the angelic standard. After disposing of this part of the evening study, Mrs. Bliss read a biographical sketch in which she omitted the name of the person whose life she gave, leaving her hearers to guess who it was. A ballot was taken and a majority decided that it was Thackeray, which proved to be a correct decision. An interesting account of Vassar College was given, together with a sketch of its founder and his family. The gathering proved full of profit and entertainment, and the literary doings coupled with a brief session of sociability caused the time to be well and pleasantly occupied.

## THE WEATHER.

REPORTED BY FRANKLIN C. EVENSON, DRUGGIST.  
The thermometer at 1 o'clock a. m. stood at 3 degrees above; at 7 o'clock a. m. at 2 above; at 2 o'clock p. m. at 4 above. Clear.

One year ago to-day at 7 o'clock a. m. the thermometer stood at 26 degrees above and at 2 o'clock p. m. at 38 above. The indications to-day are for the upper lake regions decidedly clear and cold or fair weather, except light snows in Michigan, rising barometer in southwest and eastern portions, and northwest to southwest winds.

For the upper lake region, and during the month of February, winds blowing from the southwest or southeast, or from directions between those points, are found to be the winds most likely to be followed by rain or snow. Winds blowing from the north or west, or from directions between those points, are found to be the winds least likely to be followed by rain or snow.

## LOCAL MATTERS.

KING'S BOOKSTORE, NEXT DOOR to the Postoffice. nov14dwit

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco. decisdwit

Be wise in time and get a bottle of Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup, which always cures coughs and colds, and prevents consumption. Price only 25 cents and \$1 a bottle. Sold by A. J. Roberts. feb14dwit

Self-Rising Buckwheat Flour. Buy James Clark & Co.'s Prepared Self-Rising Buckwheat Flour, ready for instant use. Buckwheat cakes can be made while you are making coffee. Cheapest flour in the market, and has no equal. nov14dwit

Books, Stationery, and Paper Hangings. It is a credit to Janesville, that the old Pioneer Bookstore, east side the river, contains the largest and finest assortment of goods in the State. 25¢ Money saved by making your purchases there. For good and cheap goods, call at J. Sutherland & Sons, No. 29, Main Street. feb14dwit

## A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City. nov14dwit

## Villas House.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that in view of the condition of public affairs, the price of the rooms to the west in the VILAS HOUSE will be as follows:  
On the first floor per day.....\$3.00  
On the second floor.....2.50  
On the third floor.....2.00  
On the fourth floor.....1.50  
All rooms above the fourth floor.....Free  
Mrs. A. W. Waterman is continued as matron and housekeeper of the establishment, and cannot be excused in her department by any lady in America.  
The location of the House and its recent improvements excels any other in the beautiful city of Madison. The table will continue as it has been in the past, the best in the northwest. For further particulars, ladies and gentlemen, call and see for yourselves.  
J. VAN ETTA, Proprietor.  
Madison, Nov. 1st, 1878. nov14dwit

## It Stopped the Cough!

From the Hon. James Ross, Grand Lecturer I. O. G. T. Wis.

I take great pleasure in giving testimony to the efficacy of Hale's Cough Cordial in easily curing a persistent cough and catarrh. For a month while engaged nightly in public speaking, I had suffered with an annoying cough which stubbornly resisted the various cough remedies that I had taken. Through the advice of friends I fortunately gave Hale's Cough Cordial a trial, and when my coughing ceased at once, and the following day it had done its work complete and I felt all right. The first dose went directly to the cold spot in my lungs, and in the midst of a general warmth and perspiration the stubborn cough seemed to dissolve. In gratitude and esteem, I am  
Yours truly,  
JAMES ROSS.

decisdwit

## Consumption Lurks in Every Cough.

Every home should be supplied with "Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry." It imbues the blood with its life-giving principle, and repairs the wasting tissues and imparts health to the various organs. Thousands have been restored to perfect health after having been given up by physicians and friends. We have seen the fading and consumptive stricken youth renew his life under its benign action. We have seen the middle-aged, the old and enfeebled restored to comfortable health. Therefore if you have a cold, distressing cough, any throat, breast or lung trouble, use promptly "Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry." Equally valuable in Asthmatic and Bronchial affections. Trial bottle 25 cents. Large size \$1, or six bottles \$5. Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Sold by all leading druggists. j39decidwly-1

## A Medicine Chest for 25 Cents.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a good cathartic. SWAYNE'S TAR AND SARSAPARILLA PILLS are prepared expressly to meet this necessity; being composed of purely vegetable ingredients, of which Podophyllum or Mandrake, Pine Tree Tar, Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock and other concentrated juices enter largely into their composition; the whole strength of which is extracted on an entirely new principle. They are mild in their operation, produce no griping, and are truly a valuable purgative aperient, anti-bilious and cathartic medicine. They stimulate the liver to healthy action, cleanse the stomach and bowels of all impurities. Curing sick and nervous headache, dyspepsia or indigestion, bilious, intermittent, remittent and congestive fevers, languor, drowsiness, aching pains in the back, head, slight chills, with flushes of heat, female irregularities, and for a bilious and costive habit, no medicine is so prompt and effectual as Dr. SWAYNE'S TAR AND SARSAPARILLA PILLS. If your druggist or storekeeper has not got them, or will not procure them for you, we will forward them by mail on receipt of price, (in currency or postage stamps), 25 cents a box, or five boxes for \$1. Address letters, Dr. Swayne & Son, No. 333 North Sixth street, Philadelphia j39decidwly-2

## MARRIED.

CROSBY-WAUFELE—At the residence of the bride's parents, on Mount Zion, February 12th, 1879, by Rev. F. L. Chapell, M. R. A. D. Crosby and Miss Nancy E. Waufle.  
The newly married pair expect to make Nebraska their future home.

## COMMERCIAL.

JANESVILLE MARKET.

REPORTED FOR THE GAZETTE BY BURT & GRAY GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, February 12

Flour—Patent \$1.00 per sack; winter, \$1.25; Minnesota \$1.45 per sack; Wisconsin, 90c per sack. St. Louis winter, \$1.40 per sack.  
Buckwheat—Dull, at 62¢40 cents, per 52 lbs.

Rye Flour—\$1.50 per 100 lbs.

Wheat—Good to best milling spring 62¢70 cents shipping grades 55¢50c.  
Buckwheat flour 60c per sack.

Beans—dull at 62¢100 per bushel.  
Wheat Bran—50c per 100; \$8.00 per ton; Buckwheat bran 25c per 100 lbs; per ton \$5.00  
Meal—coarse, 60c per 100; bolted \$1.00 per 100  
FEED—60c per 100 lbs.  
MIDDLINGS—60¢ 100 lbs. Ton \$16 condition.

Rye—in good request at 39¢35c.

Barley—wheat at 35¢20c; for good to best samples, per 50 lbs, and for common to fair quality at 25¢20c.

Corn—shelled per 60 lbs, 25¢20c, ear 22¢20c for 75 lbs.

Oats—good local and shipping demand, white at 12¢10c; mixed 12¢5c cents.

GAOARD FEED—60c per 100 lbs. Ton \$11

Timothy Seed—75¢\$1.00 per bushel according to quality.

Clover Seed—fair demand at 43¢00 35¢ per bushel.

Potatoes—Peach blows, 55¢00c per bushel, other varieties 52¢00c.

Butter—Choice, 10¢10c; good supply, at 10¢10c.

Eggs—good demand at 17¢10c 15¢ doz.

Hops—Green, 20c; calfs 10c; Dry, 12¢10c.

Wool ranges at 25¢25c; 3¢ out for unwashed.

SHARP PILLS.—Range at 40¢\$1 each.

Dressed Hogs—range at 34¢00 30¢ per 100 lbs for light and heavy.

Lard Stock.—Cattle \$3.00 25¢ 100 lbs; Hogs, 34¢00 40¢ per 100 lbs.

Poultry—Turkeys, 72¢50c; Chickens 52¢50c.

MILWAUKEE Grain Market.

MILWAUKEE, February 12

Flour—firm; good demand

Wheat—Market quiet; opened 4c cent higher; and closed quiet. No. 1 Milwaukee hard,

85¢ cents; No. 1 Milwaukee, 90 cents; No. 2 Milwaukee, 88¢ cents; February, 88¢ cents; March, 89¢ cents; April 90¢ cents; May 95 cents; No. 3 Milwaukee, at 74¢ cents; and No. 4 Milwaukee, at 67 cents; and rejected at 57¢ cents.

CORN—No 2 34¢c

OATS—No 2 20¢c

RYE—No 2 43¢c

BARLEY—No 2 spring cash, 74c; March 70 cents; February 74 cents

POKE—cash cash, \$9.70

DRESSED HOGS—\$1.40

LARD—prime steams 68¢

CATTLE—Range at 4.00 to 4.50, according to quality and grade.

LIVE HOGS—Range at 3.50 to 4.00 according to condition and weight.

SEEDS—Timothy 1.05 1.15; flax 1.20; clover 35¢

BEANS—1.35

BUTTER—Range from 13¢15c.

EGGS—14c fresh.

CHEESE—84¢c.

HONEY—for comb, 15c; for strained, 12¢ 13¢.

WOOL—Washed 27¢00c; unwashed 18¢ 1c tub washed 30¢33c; pulled 31¢23c.

TALLOW—5¢ 6¢

HOPS—New 12¢10c, old 2c

## Chicago Market.

Special to the Gazette.

WHEAT—No 2 spring wheat, cash, 84¢ cents; March at 84¢ cents; April at 84¢ cents; No. 3, spring wheat, cash, at 71½ cents.

CORN—No 2 cash, 33¢ cents; March, at 32½ cents; April 33 cents.

BARLEY—Extra No. 3 cash, 41¢42 cents.

POKE—cash cash, \$9.60

LARD—cash \$6.70

LIVE HOGS—3.00 3.25 according to grade.

DRESSED HOGS—\$4.60

WHISKY—1.04

HOPS—9.11 5¢c

HONEY—Good choice new comb in boxes are 12¢15 cents.

BEEWAX—25¢26c 18¢30c per lb, according to quality.

SUGAR—Granulated, 9¢ 9½ cents; Standard A 8½¢ cents.

CHEESE—2¢5½ 6¢ 7½¢ according to quality.

EGGS—Fresh 14¢15c  
BUTTER—24¢26c 16¢30c according to quality—choice, 47¢50c  
POULTRY—Turkeys dressed, 10¢11c; alive, 6 7c; chickens alive, at 1 75¢25¢ per dozen, and dressed at 84¢ 27¢c 8¢  
BEANS—Good mediums 1¢ 25¢ 1 35¢ per bushel and raves 13¢21 25  
BROOM CORN—24¢ 34¢ 23¢c, according to quality  
FEATHERS—Prime live geese, 35¢38c; live duck, 47¢50c  
TALLOW—6¢ 6½¢ No 1  
WOOL—Washed 28¢33c; unwashed 15¢18c; tub washed, fair to good, 30¢38

## NEW YORK GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, February 12

Flour—a moderate demand for shipping; clear Minnesota at 3 90¢4 15; trade demand fair, but no quotable change; No 2 at 2 50¢3; straight Minnesota at 4 50¢5 50; western at 4 75¢4 90; patent at 5 50¢58.

Wheat—another advance on flat call, but it was not followed by much improvement, as shippers did not come up to the views of sellers; No 4 Milwaukee at 83 cents; No 3 Chicago at 92c.

COTTON—9 11-10 12 13-15c

CORN—24¢ 34¢ western

OATS—32¢ 34¢ white western

RYE—western 57¢61c

BARLEY—22¢c

POKE—cash cash, \$9.50

LARD—\$7.00

HAY—Shipping 40¢45c

CORN MEAL—3 40¢2 75

WHISKY—1 07½

SUGAR—firm but quiet; refining, 6½ 6½¢

MOLASSES—New Orleans 25¢37

PETROLEUM—8½¢ crude; refined 9½¢

LEATHER—19¢20c

ROSIN—1 42¢1 40

WOOL—domestic 27¢40; pulled 17¢40

Texas 13¢23c; unwashed 10¢23c

COFFEE—Rio 11¢15½ gold; jobbing 10½ 10½ 10 11

TALLOW—Firm; 6½¢

CHEESE—22¢c

BUTTER—Western 7¢25c

EGGS—Western 21¢23c

TURPENTINE—22¢c

NAPHTHA—8½¢

HOPS—Western 8¢12c

BEEF—Western 11c

RICE—3c

NAIIS—Nominal; Out 4 10¢2 15, clinch 4 15 3¢25.

## New York Monetary Market.

New York, February 12

Money; 2 34 per cent.

Sterling exchange bankers' bills \$1.56 eight

exchange on New York 4.28½

Governments 4

State bonds dull

Stocks active

## MISCELLANEOUS.

THE BEST

OF ALL

LINIMENTS

FOR MAN OR BEAST.

When a medicine has infallibly done its work in millions of cases for more than a third of a century; when it has reached every part of the world; when every family has its bottle of it; when it is the only safe reliance in case of pain or accident, it is pretty safe to call such a medicine

THE BEST OF ITS KIND.

This is the case with the Mexican Mustang Liniment. Every man brings intelligence of a valuable horse saved, the agony of an awful scald or burn subdued, the horrors of rheumatism overcome, and of a thousand and one other blessings and mercies performed by the old reliable Mexican Mustang Liniment.

All forms of outward disease are speedily cured by the

Mustang Liniment.

It penetrates muscle, membrane and tissue, to the very bone, banishing pain and curing disease with a power that never fails. It is a medicine needed by everybody, from the ranchero, who rides his

over the solitary plains, to the merchant prince, and the woodcutter who splits his foot with the axe.

It cures Rheumatism when all other applications fail.

This wonderful

speedily cures such ailments of the HUMAN FLESH as

Rheumatism, Swellings, Stiff Joints, Contracted Muscles, Burns and Scalds, Cuts, Bruises and Sprains, Poisonous Bites and Stings, Blisters, Lamebacks, Old Sores, Ulcers, Frostbites, Chilblains, Sore Nipples, Caked Breast, and indeed every form of external disease.

It is the greatest remedy for the disorders and accidents to which the BUTTER CREAM are subject that has ever been known. It cures

Sprains, Swellings, Stiff Joints, Foundered Horses, Foot Diseases, Foot Rot, Screw Worm, Scab, Hollow Horn, Scratches, Windfalls, Spavin, Enfers, Ringbone, Old Sores, Poll Evil, Film upon the Sight and every other ailment to which the occupants of the Stable and Stock Yard are liable.

A twenty-five cent